(XLIst YEAR.) THE (No. 2017)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1785.

PARIS, *June 7.*

ALL the ships that were arming at Brest are sailed. The Gaubares are gone to the North; and the Resolution sailed the 13th of last month for the island of Bourbon.

HAGUE, *June 13.* The accommodation between the emperor and the republic is now looked upon as certain.

LONDON, *June 6.*

Extract of a letter from an English gentleman at Paris, dated May 16.

"It has been, ever since the signing the preliminaries for the last treaty of peace, believed by all who know any thing of the policy of the court of Versailles, that the war in India would not be long discontinued. By the last advices from Pondicherry, we learn, that lord Macartney has, with a strong force, taken possession of that settlement, in consequence of some articles not having been ratified between the count de Bussy, and the English. This affair has been represented in a very exaggerated light to the British minister here, and a breach of the treaty of peace loudly complained of. How our friends on your side of the water will look on this matter, I do not pretend to foretell, but it is the general opinion, that it is only calculated as an excuse to call in the assistance of our barbarous enemy Tippo Saib, and strike a decisive blow to the British interest in India."

June 8. The Dutch officers are not over-fond of foreign generals, a great coldness exists on that account, which, in case of an action, may produce consequences similar to those that happened at Minden.

June 16. According to the Dutch accounts, the disagreement with the Venetians is not likely to be accommodated, and the strengthening of the squadron in the Mediterranean seems to confirm that opinion.

June 17. There is an uncommon quantity of specie in the country at this time. Most of the guineas which were sent to America have found their way back; and the balance of exchange sent in great quantities of money from other quarters.

June 20. We understand that a petition is coming home from the gentlemen in Bengal, against that part of Mr. Pitt's India bill, which deprives them of the trial by jury; a petition in which they will be heartily seconded by every man who values the constitution of his country. It will be here in time for the next session.

All the india gentlemen who can in any manner settle their affairs, are returning to England before the year 1787, that they may avoid the unconstitutional measure of an inquisition, by which they are to be tried without a jury.

June 23. According to letters from Harwich, of Sunday evening, the packet had just arrived from Helvoetsluys. "At her sailing on Friday, the public report was that affairs between the emperor and the states are settled, and that the signing of treaties is all that remains. The Excellent a new ship of 74 guns, is just ready to launch from that port.

A stop being put to the purchase of any more horses for the imperial service, by the agents themselves, is an indication that affairs on the continent are likely to take a pacific turn.

The following are handed about as the substance of some of the conditions of the pacific treaty negotiating between the republic of Holland and his imperial majesty: The free navigation of the Scheld for imperial vessels not exceeding a certain size, from the sea as far as Antwerp; the demolition of some of the forts upon the shores of the Scheld; the ambassadors at Vienna to make some concessions for the affront offered to the imperial flag on the river Scheld; and the republic to pay the emperor ten millions of florins towards compensating the expence of sending troops, ammunition, &c. into the Austrian Netherlands.

Mr. West, we understand, is finishing a picture of the celebrated American treaty, in which he has introduced the portraits of Messrs. Adams, Jay, Franklin, and Laurens, as also Mr. Oswald.

Mrs and Miss Adams, wife and daughter to the ambassador from the United States, are as accomplished women as any in England.

AMERICAN LOYALISTS.

After a long series of expectation, on the side of gentlemen who suffered during, and since the late unhappy contest, for their attachment to the old constitution, we find the minister of Great-Britain, at last active on their behalf; and are informed, in addition to the under-mentioned resolution of the house of commons, that Mr. Pitt had agreed to raise the whole reported sum, and that the claimants should receive five per centum on the same, until money should be funded sufficiently ample to discharge it.—By this arrangement we understand it is become a national stock, and equally transferrable as are bank, South-Sea, consols, or any of the other English funds.

HOUSE of COMMONS, June

The house having resolved itself into a committee of supply,

The chancellor of the exchequer rose in order to propose to the committee some relief for the American loyalists. He imagined that it would be nugatory to address himself to the feelings of the house, as every gentleman present would undoubtedly be actuated by his feelings and humanity, and would very readily consent to grant the necessary relief. The men alluded to had certainly suffered very severely in defence of their country. The cause was now at an end, and those unfortunate people were now thrown on the clemency and liberality of this country. The number of claims that had been made amounted to between 4 and 500,000l. He however was of opinion, that no more than 471,000l. could be called legal claims. He divided those into different classes, many of whom apparently had a preference to the generosity of this country. He then classed them as follows:

Thirty-seven persons, whose claims for material service, amounted to	£. 181,000
Others who had actually bore arms in defence of this country,	66,990
There was another class, not distinguished by any real service, but acknowledged to be friends and sufferers,	137,000
The persons who resided in America, and known to be friendly, but remained neuter,	33,000

Among those mentioned there were two other classes, whose claims could not be accurately ascertained. Those who had, on the commencement of the war, taken oaths of allegiance to this country, and those who had been induced, by different proclamations, to come over to our interest. The latter class, he thought, were very meritorious, as they had readily renounced their first engagements, and attached themselves strongly to the friends of government. He did not intend to make a general allowance to all the claimants this year, but to pay the most deserving of them the sum of 150,000l. which he proposed to be raised by way of lottery: and he imagined that it would be most proper to proportionate the sum as follows: forty per cent. to the two first classes, and thirty per cent. to the three others. He then moved that the sum of 150,000l. be granted to his majesty by way of lottery, for the use of the American loyalists.

The motion was agreed to.

JUNE 21.

On the report being brought up from the committee of supply for granting relief to the American loyalists,

Mr. Martin objected to giving away any sum, particularly so large a sum of the public money, without being properly ascertained of the objects of this public bounty. Those, however, had been divided into various classes. This was unnecessary. Two distinctions, he apprehended, would include both; those who suffered from principle, and those who temporised. He traced the disasters of all these men to a noble lord and his coalition confederates. These were the persons who had entailed ruin on this country; and if the nation felt itself aggrieved, it was against such persons that it ought to direct its judgment and its vengeance. He concludes by moving, that a list of the names of the different claimants, and of the amount of their demands be laid before the house, and the sums to which the commissioners have found them entitled.

The speaker informed the honourable member, that instead of making his motion directly, he ought to have previously moved for a re-commitment.

Mr. Martin then moved, that the further consideration of the report be postponed till Friday.

Mr. Eden was against the production of names. Members should dispassionately consider the question, without being at all influenced by the names of the persons concerned.

Mr. Coke hoped that the names might not be produced. He wished, however, that the reports of the commissioners might be produced.

The chancellor of the exchequer objected to the motion. He thought the conduct of the commissioners merited every confidence, and ought not to be exposed to scrutiny.

Mr. Wilmot was convinced, that the motion, if carried, would hurt many of the loyalists, and be injurious to their friends in America.

Mr. Martin wished to adopt any amendment which would obviate his objection.

Mr. Dempster hoped the house would not interfere with the commissioners, who had exerted themselves entirely to the approbation of every person, in a manner that ought to conciliate the implicit confidence of the house. He had seen several of the loyalists since the matter had been in agitation, and he believed it would contribute greatly to their relief were the money paid in part, previous to the period in which the sum could be raised by lottery. He also suggested that professional men should be paid by way of annuity. He was happy to see the right honourable gentleman had assented to what he proposed.

The chancellor of the exchequer was of opinion, that the first payment towards the lottery would be to make good the sum proposed for the loyalists. He would afterwards consider of the allowance proper for professional men; but he thought they should suffer some abatement when the forty per cent. was paid.

Mr. Dundas, Mr. Cook, and several other members spoke, after which Mr. Martin's motion was negatived and the repeal read.

NEWPORT, *August 13.*

Last Monday sailed from this port, bound to Hispaniola, the brig l'Heureux, captain Christopher Allen, and in the evening anchored under Point Judith. In the night she was discovered to be on fire in the hold, and the people not being able, as it is said, to extinguish the fire, she was ran ashore near Narrow River, where vessel and cargo were consumed, or nearly. We have not yet learned how this accident happened.

NEW-YORK, *August 24.*

By letters from the island of Grenada, we learn that on Monday the 6th of June put in there, in consequence of having sprung a leake, an American ship called the Grand Turk, Jonathan Ingersal, master, from the Cape of Good Hope. At her departure, which was on the 13th of April, there were lying at the Cape, the Cygnet sloop of war, the ship Britannia, and the Packet, in which general Sloper went passenger, all bound to the East-Indies. Captain Ingersal, on his passage, fell in with the ship Besborough, captain Montgomery, from Bengal, and the ship Calcutta, captain Thomson, from China, which last was so leaky that he kept company with her, in order to save the crew, in case she had foundered, which she momently expected, and saw her safe into St. Helena. Those ships brought an account that every thing was perfectly quiet in the East-Indies.

In consequence of Mr. Pitt's successful motions in favour of the American loyalists, a state lottery is to take effect in Great-Britain, the profits of which are to be applied to gentlemen under that description.

Last night in a certain house (much frequented by sporters) a company having, according to custom, spent the whole night in the most fervent devotions to their goddess, were just broke up to return to their sleepless habitations, when the waiter, whose spirits were broken and dissipated by the perpetual conversion of night into day, happened that instant to drop down in an apoplectic fit; but instead of that sympathy and compassion for a fellow creature, while the pangs of death were rending the soul from the body, they immediately started a new subject of gaming from the poor fellow's misfortune—"*Come*" says one, "*ten guineas he dies*:" "*Done*," says a second. "*But who will run for Dr.* *****." "No, no," replied the other, "no advantage on either side; let him take his chance." The sequel was, that he expired, though, from every appearance, it was likely, had secondary means been used, he might have recovered.

August 25. We seem to have fallen into an error as to the colours of our country, and continue in it; that is, we put the thirteen stars and thirteen stripes into the same flag. If a stranger asks what each mean, we are compelled to answer—the thirteen states—this is a real absurdity.

Our colours ought to carry the bald eagle or rattle snake, at the head, as truly emblematical. The snake cut in thirteen pieces, and the motto, *unite or die*, makes a most beautiful appearance, and holds up the exalted idea of our confederation, the only basis of past success, or future safety.

On fire balloons. In Petits de la Croix's reception of the French ambassador by the king of Siam.

The fire-works that were played at night were perfectly fine. There were rockets as large as one of our hogsheads, and of proportionable length. They mounted about the middle region of the air, and cast so great a blaze, that they lighted the country six leagues round, as if the sun had been shining at noon day. The inventor of this fire-work fitting himself on the end of one of these rockets, ordered it to be fired, and was whisked up into the air higher than any four steeples in the world could reach, were they set one upon another. The rocket having spent its strength, and being ready to fall down, all luminous with the infinite number of stars that broke from it every moment, the engineer opened a sort of umbrella he had carried with him, which, when it was extended, was little less than thirty feet in diameter. This umbrella was made of feathers, and so very light, that the air supported it without any trouble; no otherwise than we see in France those machines of paper that are called kites, which being fastened to a long string of packthread, the children make them fly in the air. Insomuch that the engineer supported by this great umbrella, surrounded with stars, came to the ground, as gently as if he had wings, and could have flown with them.

August 26. Yesterday arrived his most christian majesty's packet, Courier de la l'Orient, captain Coetnemprum, in fifty two days from l'Orient.

Last week his excellency Richard Henry Lee, Esq; president of congress, set out from this city for Pennsylvania. A long continued series of the most arduous exertions of his abilities in public affairs, having greatly weakened and impaired his health and constitution, his physicians have recommended, and advised him to use the waters of Harrowgate, in the vicinity of Philadelphia. These waters are strongly impregnated with mineral properties, and are deemed by the faculty, great restoratives. As soon as his excellency shall have recovered from his present indisposition, no consideration whatever will retard his return to the duties of his mission. In the mean time, Samuel Holton, Esq; one of the delegates from the commonwealth of Massachusetts-Bay, will fill the presidental chair, and officiate in his stead.

PHILADELPHIA, *August 26.*

However incredible it may appear, says a correspondent, it is a truth, that on Thursday sen'night, at half

past one o'clock, Fahrenheit's thermometer rose to ninety-nine degrees and a half. On Wednesday it stood for some time at ninety five; and on Saturday (which, after so much heat, was termed a *cool day*) the same thermometer was up at eighty-eight.

Extract of a letter from Kingston, (Jamaica) July 27.

"On Monday last was tried at the court-house in this town, before the hon. Samuel Witehorne, Esq; president, and his associates, under a special commission of oyer and terminer, William, alias Benjamin Johnson, the pirate and murderer; whose case, of immeasurable wickedness, the public are already sufficiently apprised of. It therefore only remains for us to say, that he was found guilty upon the clearest evidence, and sentenced to suffer death on the gallows; after which his body is to be hung in chains. He behaved on his trial with such insensibility and hardiness, as to bewray every principle of remorse and contrition, until the moment of his condemnation, when all his fortitude seemed to forsake him, and was taken from the bar in a state of horror and desperation. Counsel for the crown, Mr. Rickets, who acted for the attorney-general: counsel for the prisoner, Mr. Jackson and Mr. Delany."

Captain Makins, of the brig Jane, which arrived yesterday, gives the following information—that on Tuesday last he spoke a brig from Virginia, bound to London, the captain of whom informed him, that about half an hour before there had been along side a boat with six persons on board, who told him they had been taken four days before by a schooner pirate, off Cape Henry. The wind blowing hard captain Makins could not understand what vessel they belonged to; but the captain of the brig informed him the boat was about five miles distant, in search of a vessel bound in.

August 29. Saturday last was apprehended and secured in the gaol of this city, a certain Francis Reed, alias Red, who was advertised in some of our late papers, for robbing the house of the widow Mandeville, in New York, and made his escape from a constable there. He was found on board a shallop, at the Crooked Billet wharf.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Maryland, to his friend in this city, dated August 15, 1785.

"My son and a friend who arrived here from Louisville, shortly after you was here, informed me as a certainty of several detached settlers, who had been seated on the north west side of Ohio, being scalped before they left that country, and one party, of six such settlers, being killed in one place.

"By a person lately from Wheelan, there is also an account of some traders, who went out last fall from that river, into the Indian country, being lately killed, and all their horses and peltry seized, although they had been under the protection of a person naturalized and married among the Indians.

"Many other accounts agree in a general report, that the Indians will not abide by any of the late treaties entered into last fall, and that they will oppose all settlements being made on the west side of the Ohio. All these reports, together with the refusal of giving up the posts on the Lakes, seem strongly to indicate hostile intentions, which we may reasonably suppose will be warmly cherished by our late friends, but now inveterate enemies. If the Indians proceed no further than to prevent our settling on the west side of Ohio, I am convinced it would be the best thing could befal us. I have ever viewed the attempt of grasping at all the Indian country, and selling or settling it speedily, as the most ruinous policy, as opening a door for our citizens, to run off and leave us, as a means of depreciating all our landed property already settled, and disabling us from paying taxes, and funding the debts already contracted. And for these reasons, if there was not an Indian within a thousand miles of us, I should reprobate the idea of such boundless settlements."

August 30. Mr. Marbois, charge des affaires of France, has delivered to congress a letter from his most christian majesty, concerning the marquis de la Fayette. It contains expressions of that monarch's friendship for the United States, and assurances that the king wishes for opportunities to let the young general experience farther marks of the satisfaction he has of his zeal and ability.

A vessel is returned here from Newfoundland, whither she was bound with a freight, but being an American bottom, did not enter, or land any part of her cargo; as her captain found that a brig from this port had been seized there, and was to be sold in a few days—not being owned by British subjects, manned by British seamen, and navigated according to British laws.

ALEXANDRIA, *September* 2.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Botetourt county, dated August 23, to his friend in this town.

"Colonel Lewis, who was supposed to be killed by the Indians, has lately been brought in, escorted by ten Shawanese chiefs, who rescued him from the Mingoes and Cherokees, who were the Indians that fired on him and his party as they were going to treat with the Shawanese at the Salt Lick.—The following is the speech, delivered in council at Musquisack town, on the 29th of July last:

"BROTHERS,

"You have seen all our head men yesterday; but they are not all here now.—Brothers, When your people settled this side of the Big river, it made us very uneasy.—We are glad you have ordered them away.—Peace we are wishing for.—Brothers, We are happy, young and old, that you have called all the people off our lands, which we hope may be the means of promoting peace and harmony between us.—Brother colonel Lewis, We have brought you and one more out of that bad man's hand (the Wolf).—We all wish you well, and safe home.—Brothers the Virginians, We hope you have nothing to study but peace, and let us hold fast our chains of friendship; you must not mind the bad people amongst us.—Peace is the height of our desire.—It is only one man (the Wolf) who has done all the mischief, and will not mind any good that is said to him.—Brother colonel Lewis, We hope you will be strong to acquaint our American brethren, that our wishes are peace.—We shall send ten of our principal men to escort you home, having appointed one out of every town, to convince you that all our people are of one sentiment, and unanimously desirous to re-unite the former friendship which so happily subsisted between us.—Brothers the Virginians, Listen to your younger brothers; the great spirit has allowed us now happily to meet, and to inform you that we are very sorry for what has past.—Brother colonel Lewis, When you were coming off to meet your youngest brothers, and when you were jovial and happy, expecting to see them, a storm darkened your joys.—When you arrived here at the houses of your brothers, they took you by the hand, and wiped the tears from your eyes; now your eyes are cleared and the tears wiped away, you can see if your youngest brothers treat you with friendship.

"For the loss of the great man that set off along with you we are all sorry; but we hope you will bury all remembrance in eternal oblivion.—The reason that we request of you to forget what is past is because our most earnest wishes are to live in unity and friendship.—In respect to your trade, we are glad to hear that you mean to be reasonable in exchanging your goods for fur.—We hope Brother, That you now see plain that the fault ought not to be laid on us the Shawanese.—We have orders to be at peace from all nations, white and red; but the Cherokees and one trading man of the Mingoes are endeavouring to do all the hurt they can, and to set us at variance. You see the mischief is not committed by us; and those that do it, it is out of our power to prevent.

"From your youngest brothers the Shawanese, with three strings of wampum.

"Signed by Ten Chiefs."

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE plantation, lying on Patowmack river, and south side of Piscataway creek, about 7 miles from the flourishing town of Alexandria, containing 304 acres, more or less; the quality of this land is equal if not superior to any in this part of the country, nearly the whole being level, with wood sufficient to support it with care for a great number of years, about 41 acres of excellent meadow may be made with very little trouble or expence; this beautiful and fertile spot is almost surrounded with water, where fish and fowl in their different seasons may be taken in abundance through the year, many other advantages attend the situation of this valuable seat of land too tedious to mention. I have likewise 150 acres of wood land, within one mile of the above tract, which I will sell together or separate, as may be found most advantageous. One thousand pounds is expected will be paid down, or within a very short time, and five years credit will be given for the remainder, upon bond with approved security. If the above lands are sold, there will be offered for sale, a number of likely country born slaves, likewise horses, cattle, hogs, and plantation utensils.

10 7/6 J. H. BEANES.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on Wednesday the 21st of this instant, September, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, containing about 200 acres, lying on Mattawoman, within three miles of Piscataway town; the soil remarkably good for wheat, corn, tobacco, &c. This land has a good quantity of meadow ground, that may be brought in order at little expence; the improvements are, a large convenient dwelling house, and sundry out-houses, with good peach and apple orchards. The terms of sale will be made as easy as possible, and may be be fully known at the sale. I desire the favour of the creditors of my deceased father, John Wynn, will attend at the sale, with their respective claims, as I wish to have the matter conducted so as to give every possible satisfaction to them and the purchasers, by the creditors taking the bonds of the purchasers, or otherwise, as at the time may be most satisfactory to all concerned.

10 7/6 HEZEKIAH WYNN.

September 5, 1785.

On the first Wednesday in October next will be exposed to sale,

A TRACT of land in Anne-Arundel county, where the late Mr. Richard Lane, jun. deceased, lived, it lies on the main road leading to Annapolis, and about three miles from Pig-point warehouse; the soil is good, many buildings on it, a good mill seat, and many improvements too tedious to enumerate. The widow has her thirds in the whole tract, which contains 248 and a half acres. Terms of sale will be made known on the day at Pig-point, by

10 7/6 THOMAS CONTEE, executor.

Annapolis, September 7, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PRIVATE SALE, for cash, or short credit,

A VALUABLE negro boy, and three negro women. Inquire of the printers.

10 7/6

Intendant's-office, September 2, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the state of Maryland, that do not pay the interest due upon their bonds by the last day of October, that execution shall issue agreeably to the directions of the act for the emission of bills of credit not exceeding two hundred thousand pounds, on the security of double the value in lands, &c.

1 DAN. of ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant of the revenue.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, by the subscriber, on Tuesday the 20th day of September, if fair, if not the next fair day, at captain Morris's tavern, in Frederick-town,

BETWEEN four and five thousand acres of valuable land; these lands will be laid off in lots, part of them lay within four miles of the said town, and none of them exceed twelve.

10 7/6 THOMAS GANTT, jun.

Annapolis, September 6, 1785.

To be SOLD, on the premises, at public vendue, on Wednesday the 21st instant,

PART of a tract of land called Gaither's Collection, lying near the Head of South-river, containing 150 acres, on the following terms, one third of the cash to be paid down, one third in 12 months, the remainder in two years. Bond on interest, and security if required. Any gentleman wanting to view the land, may apply to the subscriber, living on the same. The sale will begin at 12 o'clock.

10 7/6 JOSHUA RIDGELY.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, containing about 1300 acres, which will be disposed of by the whole tract, or laid off in convenient lots, as will best suit those who are inclined to purchase; the land is situated near the Fork of Patuxent, about 16 miles from Annapolis, 18 from Baltimore, and 6 from the Indian Landing; it is well adapted to farming or planting, is well timbered, and has the advantage of more than 100 acres of meadow ground, which can be improved at a small expence, as above 60 acres are cleared and ditched; the soil and improvements will be shewn by the overseer on the place, and the terms may be known, by applying to the subscriber, in Annapolis,

1 JAMES STEUART.

THERE is at the plantation of Edmond Wayman, at the Head of South river, taken up as a stray, a dark bay MARE, twelve hands high, about three years old, has no perceivable brand, not docked, her mane lately trimmed, and has a few white hairs in her forehead. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

1 LEONARD GARY.

THERE is at the plantation of Benedict Calvert, Esq about three miles from the Woodyard, taken up as a stray, a dark bay GELDING, about fifteen hands high, appears to be five or six years old, has a snip and a long tail. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

10 7/6

ANNAPOLIS RACES,

OCTOBER MEETING.

THE Jockey Club purse of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis, on Thursday the sixth of October next, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, belonging to a member of the club; heats and weights as usual. The subscriptions to be paid to Mr. Mann the first day of October.

3

There will be one, if not two subscription PURSES, to be run for over the course at Annapolis, the days following the Jockey Club Purse.—One purse will not be less than forty guineas, and free for any horse. The particulars will be inserted in our next.

1

To be SOLD at the POST-OFFICE,

Webster's Grammatical Institute,

IN THREE PARTS,

Being a spelling-book, a grammar, and an art of reading and speaking, recommended by many gentlemen of literature, as far preferable to Dilworth's, Fenning's, Lowth's, or any other foreign school book. It contains many improvements in the English language, and is the production of an American genius.

2

August 30, 1785.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, from the general court of the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be exposed to public sale,

THE real and personal estate of Thomas Harwood, late collector of Anne-Arundel county, on Friday the 30th of September next; on Saturday the 1st of October next, the real estate of Richard Wells; and on Monday the 10th of October next, the real and personal estate of Thomas Watkins, jun. deceased. The sales to begin at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all of which will be sold on bond with security, payable the 1st day of January 1790, in specie, or specie certificates liquidated by this state, and the interest to be paid annually.

to

2 RICHARD HARWOOD, jun. sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, at PRIVATE SALE, for ready cash,

A NEGRO WOMAN, about nineteen years of age, mother of two children, she understands house and plantation work.

3X ELIZA LUSBY.

Chester-town, August 26, 1785.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 30th day of September next,

TWO houses and lots in Chester-town, situated in the most public part of the town, viz. one a corner brick house, two stories high, with three rooms in the lower story and four in the upper, a good dry cellar under the whole house, bounded by Main or High-street on one side, and Queen's street on the other, with a stone house adjoining, which forms the kitchen and a convenient family dining room, composing all together a building on High-street of 64 feet front, and running on Queen's-street, with the ground belonging thereto, 92 feet, and back 90 feet. There are also a good framed stable and carriage-house, and stone smoke-house on the said lot, all in good repair. The other lot is 92 feet in front on Queen's-street, running back 180 feet, has on the said street a brick house, two stories high, with two rooms in the lower and three in the upper, with a good framed kitchen, under which is a good dry cellar; there are also on the premises a carriage-house and stable. These houses and lots will be sold on the following terms, and may be delivered to the purchasers on the first day of January next, viz. one sixth part of the purchase money on delivering of possession; bonds on interest from the first of January next, with approved security, will be taken for the balance, payable in two equal payments, the first on the 10th day of October in the year 1786, and the last on the 10th day of October in the year 1787.

2 THOMAS SMYTH.

Magothy ferry, August 27, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, agreeable to the last will and testament of George Conaway, deceased, on the fifteenth day of September next, at Magothy ferry, for cash,

THAT unsold part of a tract of land, called Aldrige's Beginning, lying within two miles of the Head of Magothy river, and within one mile of Mrs. Waters's mill, containing about fifty acres, well wooded with yellow pine, hickory, oak, and chesnut. The land may be seen by applying to Mr. David Robosson, adjoining the same.

2 X RACHEL CONAWAY, executrix of George Conaway, deceased.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.

To be LET, for a term of years,

THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Holliday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber. 9 tf

DAVID KERR.

London-town, May 25, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, the 28th of March last, a negro lad named WILL PRIMUS, about 20 or 22 years of age, tall and slender, has a long visage, and thick under lip, he is very artful, and a great rogue; he has been seen about the neighbourhood of Annapolis within these three weeks, but it is probable he has by this time gone farther, perhaps to Baltimore, as he has some acquaintances there. Whoever will bring him to me, or secure him so that I get him again, shall receive three pounds, if taken out of this county five pounds. 13

JAMES M'CULLOCH.

September 1, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land, situate and lying on the mouth of Winter's Run, in Harford county, and containing about two hundred and twenty-seven acres; it is about twenty miles from Baltimore-town, about four from Harford-town, three from Joppa, a mile from Abington, and about the same distance from the navigable waters of Bush river; upwards of one hundred acres are a fine rich bottom. Also, five hundred acres, part of a tract of land lying on Bush river, and adjoining the town of Abington. For further particulars inquire of Mr. Richard Dallam, at Abington, in Harford county, or the subscriber, at Annapolis. w 8

2 AQUILA PACA.

THE subscriber having furnished himself with the best materials for carrying on the stay-making business, begs leave to inform his good old customers and others, that the business is carried on by the same person as before the war, namely, Richard Littlemore, where orders for stays will be thankfully received and carefully executed by their humble servant, 12

CHARLES LANSDALE.

Orders left at the post-office Annapolis, stores in Queen-Anne, Upper Marlborough, Port-Tobacco, Allen's Fresh, Newport, Chaptico, Mr. James Jordan's, Head of Clement's bay, Leonard-town, the post offices at Alexandria, Bladensburg, and George-town, or the subscriber's house at Piscataway, will be punctually complied with.

CHARLES LANSDALE.

Intendant's-office, July 22, 1785.

Confiscated Property for Sale.

To be SOLD, at Annapolis, on Saturday the 20th day of August, for specie, or certificates liquidated for specie,

PART of a tract of land called Piney-Grove, in which is included a tract of land called Hanchiff's-Range, containing upwards of 1100 acres; this land adjoins Severn river and is well wooded. At the same time and place will be sold, two tracts of land adjacent to each other, called Deep Creek and Flushing, containing upwards of 200 acres; these lands lie between Severn and Magothy river.

At Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the 30th day of August, will also be sold, two tracts of land, containing 650 acres, late the property of James French. Pierce's Encouragement, 1000 acres, of John Hyde. Fell's Dale, 200 acres, —— Pearson, 500 acres of land upon Hunting-Ridge. 900 acres near Ellicott's mill. Some land near Baltimore-town, and a tract of land in Cecil county, called the Widow's Lot, patented for 800 acres, if not sold at private sale before the day above-mentioned.

On Thursday the first day of September, 4200 acres of land, in Baltimore and Harford counties, the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, to be laid off in convenient lots. On Thursday the 8th day of September, at Daniel Walker's tavern, will also be sold, part of My Lady's Manor, and the reserved lands in Baltimore county. And on Monday the 19th day of September, at Green's tavern, Coup-town, the reserved lands in Harford county. A moiety of Moriton's Lot, containing 200 acres. The Grove, 800 acres. Dunkield, 500 acres, &c. &c. Bonds with approved security will be required, payable the first day of January 1789.

7 DAN. OF ST. THO. JENIFER, intendant of the revenue.

May 24, 1785.

On the 26th day of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be sold on the premises,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in Stafford county, Virginia, well watered, and abounding with good timber. The south bounds of the land are within twelve miles of Fredericksburg, and the north bounds about five miles from Dumfries, both considerable and growing towns. The east bounds are about one mile from Aquia warehouse, and crosses Aquia run at the fork where the north and south branches divide, each extending westward through the whole land, and will furnish several valuable mill seats. At the fork of the two branches on the eastern bounds, and where both may be included, there is a remarkable convenient seat, with abundance of water, for a large merchant mill and saw mill, with plenty of stone for building, and heights to erect mills of any construction. Adjoining to this seat are upwards of one thousand acres of uncleared land, abounding with timber proper for a saw mill, such as large white oak and pine, of the latter many large enough for ships lower masts. The annual rents now on the lands are upwards of twenty-two thousand pounds of tobacco, and there are upwards of four thousand acres still unsettled. It is a remarkable healthy place, and from its number of branches and small natural meadows, affords good grazing for stock. The whole is laid off in thirty-two lots from one hundred and fifty to three hundred and fifty acres, for the convenience of purchasers; and a draught may be seen, and the land shewn on application to colonel Bailey Washington, whose residence is adjoining to it. The conditions and terms of sale are as follow: The lots to be sold respectively at public sale, to the highest bidder, in sterling money, or good London bills of exchange. Gold and silver will be taken at its value, and crop tobacco of one thousand net, inspected within the year, will be received in discount at such price as may be agreed on. Deeds to be given with a general warranty. One third of the purchase money to be paid down, one third in two years, and the other third in three years, from the day of sale, with legal interest to be paid annually. Bonds to be given with approved security, and if the annual interest, being demanded, is not paid within three months after it becomes due, the indulgence of credit shall be forfeited, and a suit may be commenced to recover both principal and interest. Any purchaser making the second and third payments, or any part of either, on the day of sale, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. on such sum. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole before the day of sale, shall have it at a moderate price, on paying down one half the purchase money, and giving bond on interest, with approved security, conditioned as above, for payment of the other half within five years from the time of sale. 15 X t s

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

THERE is at the plantation of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, near Annapolis, taken up as a stray, a sorrel GELDING, has no perceivable brand, not docked, stod before, both hind feet white, about thirteen hands and a half high, about seven years old, has a star and snip, paces and canters. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

2 JOSEPH DEAVER.

August 23, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for an act to enable the subscriber to reconvey, in the name of Lucretia Edmondson, part of a tract of land in Caroline county, called Smith's Discovery, to Michael Smith, of the same county. 8 w

2 DAVID KERR.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

August 9, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Loudon county, Virginia, on the 16th of July last, an Irish servant man, named ROBERT CALLAGHAN, a barber by trade, a slim made talkable fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has very black hair, and remarkable black beard; he had on and took with him, an old blue broad cloth coat, light cloth waistcoat, brown Virginia cotton breeches, thread stockings, one pair of shoes, one pair of osnabrig trousers, an old felt hat, one white shirt, and two osnabrig ditto.—The above reward will be given for securing the above described servant in any gaol, so that his master gets him again, and if brought home, reasonable charges paid, by

3 X JOHN CRAINE.

THERE is at the plantation of Nehemiah Moxley, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a forrel HORSE, about thirteen hands and a half high, seven years old, neither docked nor branded, a star in his forehead, has several saddle spots, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. 3 X w 3

Annapolis, August 21, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court-house six, and from Chester-town twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chester town, or the subscriber, tf

2 JAMES RINGGOLD.

August 13, 1785.

THE creditors of Mr. John Chew, of Anne-Arundel county, lately deceased, are desired to take notice, that there will not be a sufficient estate to pay all his debts; they are therefore requested to exhibit their demands as soon as possible, that the executor may know their degree and quality and proceed to pay in the legal order, as far as he has effects; as he wishes the creditors whose claims are of equal quality, to draw a proportionable part, and thereby relieve him from the disagreeable necessity of preferring one to the other, he submits to them the propriety of meeting together and agreeing upon an equal distribution. The executor will meet the creditors the third Saturday in September next, at the late dwelling house of the deceased.

2 4w S. CHEW, executor.

WANTS A PLACE,

A YOUNG man, who writes a good hand, can keep accounts, and would willingly engage as a clerk to a store, or the tuition of children in a private family, or the teaching of a public school. Apply to the printers. 2

ONE GUINEA REWARD.

RAN away, about the 3d of July last, from Mr. Joseph Dowson, in Annapolis, a negro man slave named JACK, about twenty years old, six feet high, well made, can do all manner of plantation work, and can make and mend negro shoes; he is the property of Miss Alice Nicholson, over South river, and is supposed to be lurking about in that neighbourhood, or West river; his cloathing consists mostly of soldiers apparel. Whoever takes him up, and delivers him to me at Annapolis, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by 2 tf

JOHN CRISALL.

THERE is at the plantation of Benjamin Morris, in Prince-George's county, taken up as a stray, a small bay MARE, about twelve hands high, has a small star in her forehead, some white hairs on her back, as if she had been much galled with the saddle, and branded on the near thigh R. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w 3

August 8, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make valid a deed from M'Kinsey Smock to him for certain lands.

w 8 4 JOHN SMOCK.

Houses and lots for sale.

March 25, 1785.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale,

THREE very valuable houses and lots, standing on Prince-George's-street, one of the most commodious and convenient streets for trade of any in the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to the subscriber. 10 THOMAS RUTLAND.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, February 23, 1785.

RESOLVED, That the quarter-master-general, commissary of purchases, commissary of issues, commissary of forage, and all the late heads of departments, or their successors or agents, be required without delay, to forward to the board of treasury or to the comptroller, a list of their respective deputies who have been duly authorised to issue certificates. That the heads of departments aforesaid, and each of their deputies who have not settled their accounts, and all other persons who have issued certificates of debts due by the United States, loan-office certificates, and certificates of final settlement excepted, be required forthwith to deliver to the board of treasury, or to some commissioner of accounts in the state where such persons reside, a fair abstract of all the certificates which they have issued, and they shall specify those certificates for which they have taken receipts as for cash paid, and a copy of those abstracts shall be transmitted by the board of treasury to the several commissioners of accounts, to whom they may be of use in detecting frauds.

That a copy of these resolutions be published in the gazettes or public news-papers of the several states; and that if any person or persons so required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect for the space of two months from such publication, to deliver a full and just account of the certificates, he or they have issued to the board of treasury, or in case it is not at the time organized, the comptroller, shall take proper steps for causing him or them to be prosecuted according to law.

RESOLVED, That the commissioners of accounts be instructed, to be careful how they admit charges against the United States, on certificates which are not duly supported by the authority of congress, and the accounts of the officers who have issued them.

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

An ACT for the discovery of confiscated British property.

BE *it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the intendant of the revenue be authorised and required, at any time before the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, to call on all persons having confiscated British property in their possession, or the title papers thereof or relating thereto, to discover and make known, and deliver up the same; and if the said intendant has probable and good ground to suspect, that any person holds the same in trust for any British subject, or conceals the same, or any deeds, writings or evidence of the title to such property, he may and shall direct the attorney-general to file a bill in the high court of chancery, on behalf of this state, for the discovery of such trust or concealed property, and for delivering up such deeds, writings, and evidence of title to the same, and thereupon proceedings shall be had, and decree made, according to the rules of the high court of chancery in such cases.

And be it enacted, That if any person having possession of any confiscated British property, and not having a fair claim of title thereto, or having obtained the possession of any property formerly belonging to any British subject, in virtue of any gift, grant, sale, devise, or conveyance, made or executed since the nineteenth of April seventeen hundred and seventy-five, and before the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared to be a British subject by the act to seize, confiscate and appropriate, all British property within this state, with intent and design to cover and protect such property from confiscation, or by any conveyance, gift, grant, sale or devise, made since the first of December seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, by any person declared a British subject as aforesaid, not bona fide in pursuance of some contract or agreement made before that day in writing, or for the just payment of a debt due before that day by the person making such grant, conveyance or sale, to the person receiving the same, and shall not discover the same property, and the circumstances under which the same is held, and deliver up the same and the title papers thereof to the intendant of the revenue, by the first day of January in the year seventeen hundred and eighty-six, such person shall forfeit one fourth of the value of the property; and if any person having possession of any such property shall voluntarily discover the same, the intendant shall have full power and authority to sell the same to such person at a reasonable price, secured to be paid to this state, and after the first day of January seventeen hundred and eighty-six, the intendant, on waving the penalty, may direct a bill to be filed as aforesaid, against any person having possession of such property.

4

THERE is at the plantation of J. T. Chase, Esq; in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a stray, a dark brown MARE, about ten hands high, and eight years old, a snip on her nose, two hind feet white, one wall eye, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

3X RICHARD WHITE, overseer.

Benedict, August 6, 1785.

STRAYED or stolen off Benedict pasture, on Saturday night, the 23d of July, or early the next morning, a bright bay HORSE, lately the property of Mrs. Ferguson, of Benedict; this horse is eight or nine years old, between fourteen and fifteen hands high, has a small lump on his back, occasioned by the saddle; he is light made, trots and gallops, and is particularly remarkable for being dull. Whoever will return said horse to the subscriber, if strayed, shall receive six dollars reward and reasonable charges paid, and if stolen ten pounds for thief and horse. 3w

3X ROBERT MURRAY.

July 20, 1785.

WAS lost or stolen, from out of the subscriber's house, at Choptank-bridge, Caroline county, and state of Maryland, five state of Maryland certificates, dated September 20, 1784, numbered 5223, 5224, 5225, 5226, for £. 100 specie each, and 5227, £. 62 5 5 specie, on interest from the first of August 1780, issued by Christopher Richmond, Esq; auditor-general, to major Archibald Anderson, late of the state of Maryland, deceased, and received by the subscriber as attorney for Dr. William Molliston, of Dover, state of Delaware, administrator of the said major Archibald Anderson. Any person who hath found them, or who hath obtained possession of them, by bringing them to the subscriber, at Choptank bridge, or delivering them to James Brice, Esq; of the city of Annapolis, (if not stolen) shall have a reward of six dollars. They can be of no use to any one, as deposition is lodged and payment stopped in the proper offices, by the subscriber, 6w

2 BENEDICT BRICE.

Pig-point, August 17, 1785.

WHEREAS we have been credibly informed, that a set of people hath made a practice of carrying tobacco to Baltimore, and selling it there under the sanction of its being inspected at this place, and having reasons to suspect, from the clandestine proceedings of the sellers, that the said tobacco was not merchantable; we therefore think proper to give this public notice, to prevent our characters from suffering, that we have never since our qualification given a manifest for tobacco to be carried to Baltimore; and to suppress in future the like abuses, we shall spare no pains to detect the worthy gentlemen concerned in this laudable trade, and to bring them to the dishonour they so justly merit.

2 WILLIAM TILLARD, } inspectors.
EDWARD HALL, }

LAWS OF MARYLAND.

THE subscriber, printer to the state, takes leave to inform all persons who wish to have a copy of the laws of Maryland, from Bacon's abridgement up to the end of the last session of assembly, with the resolutions of the several conventions, the proceedings of the convention that framed the constitution, the declaration of rights and form of government, and the articles of confederation, that, by order of the general assembly, he shall begin that work in a few months, under the direction of Alexander C. Hanson and Samuel Chase, Esquires; and as he intends to strike but a few copies more than what are ordered for the public use, or engaged by individuals, has sent subscription papers to the clerks of the several counties, and a number of other gentlemen in each county, for the purpose of collecting the names of those persons desirous of securing a copy of this useful and necessary work, which will be printed with a new letter, on a good paper, of the same size, and nearly on the same plan, with Bacon's, to be delivered (at a particular place in each county) bound in leather, at three pounds each copy. Having requested a return of the subscriptions by the middle of August, he hopes those who mean to subscribe will do it before that time, or they will lose the opportunity of purchasing so valuable a book.

13 FREDERICK GREEN.

Annapolis, May, 1785. 7

July 5, 1785.

RAN away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named POMPEY, about five feet eight or ten inches high, twenty-five years of age, very black and smooth faced, stammers in his speech; had on when he went away, a white shirt and a pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloaths, and pass for a free man; it is likely he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this bay. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

3 ROBERT SANDERS.

THERE is at the plantation of Walter Williams, in Prince-George's county, taken up as a stray, a sorrel MARE, about thirteen hands high, branded with the letters M T, on the off buttock, has a blaze face, and hind feet white, with a wall-eye on the near side, and is a natural pacer. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w3

A PETITION will be offered to the next general assembly, praying that an act may pass empowering certain commissioners to lay off convenient roads to Hamburg warehouse, in St. Mary's county. A petition will also be offered to suppress or discontinue inspection of tobacco at Piles's and Chaptico.

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationary, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical, philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket bibles; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap ledgers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common-place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble paletts; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small slates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwee cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool stropt pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and paste shoe buckles; gentlemens set knee ditto; paste breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemens fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen-knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of childrens red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instruction for ditto; fowling pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant æquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemens elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and wafers; gold leaf, &c.

4 STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, portfolios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

August 10, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to petition the next general assembly to make valid and good in law, a deed of bargain and sale from Erasmus Gill, sen. to me, for two tracts of land called Barneby Resurveyed, and Clovin Course, lying in Montgomery county, the deed is dated the sixth of June 1775, executed and acknowledged by Erasmus Gill and Cassandra his wife, not recorded as the act of assembly requireth.

2 THOMAS CONTEE.

To be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Passed November Session, 1784.

LIKEWISE,

A REPLY to an ADDRESS to the ROMAN CATHOLICS of the United States of America, by the Author of *A Letter to the Roman Catholics of the City of Worcester*.

A few Copies of

CHAMPION ON COMMERCE,

To be sold at the Printing-Office.

3X

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, *Charles-Street*.